

China Feed Industrial Development & Analysis 2016

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China Feed Industry Review





Year 2015:

- > Pig industry slowing down
- > Overall economy steady
- > Feed Industry is getting recovering
- > Total feed production slighly increased.



- Total feed production: 1st place in the world
- Total feed production: 200.90 mil tons + 1.4%
- Compound feed: + 2.7; 173 mil tons (86.9% share + 1.1%)
- ➤ Concentrate feed : 8.9%; 19.6 mil tons (9.8% share – 1.1%)
- Premix: + 1.9% 6.52 mill tons (3.3% share + 0.1%)



全国饲料生产增速放缓,与世界饲料发展趋势相一致 National feed production growth slowed, consistent with the world feed development trend:

> 1992 - 2012: + 8.5 % avg.

> 2013: 193.40 mil tons - 0.6%

> 2014: 197.27 mil tons + 2.0%

> 2015: 200.09 mil tons + 1.4%



- 3. Forecast next 10 year:
 - 1.5% + averagely (far below previous 10 year 8.5% growth)
- 4. Overall feed consumption reduced:
 - better conversion rate
 - structure changes
 - PSY technology improved

育肥猪饲料转化率由2014年2.8:1提高到2020年的2.7比1,全国可节约600万吨饲料

hog feed conversion rate by 2.8:1 in 2014 increased to 2.7:1 in 2020), the national savings of 6 million tons of feed

Review 1985-2015 Feed Production

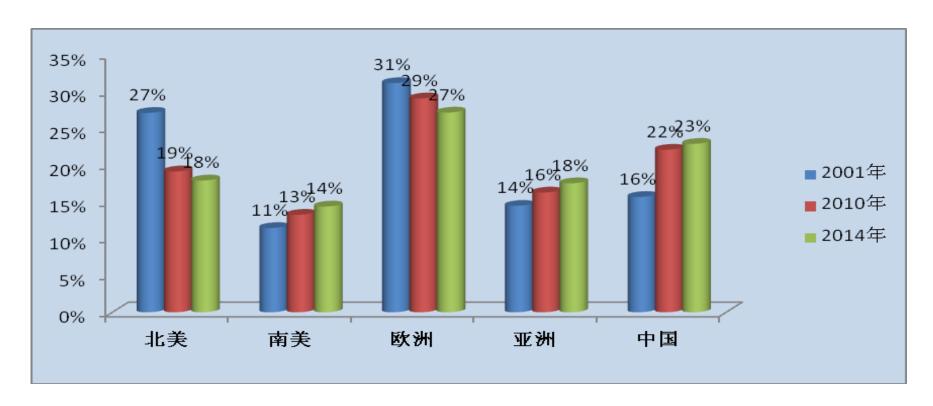




Feed Industry Review 2001-2014



N. America and Europe were relatively stable while the proportion of the global output fell. growth in Asia and South America, especially in China, the fastest growing.



- AHS&CF > Total output value of national feed industry:
- 781 billion yuan, + 2.7%. Including:
- commercial feed industry output value 712.58 billion yuan + 2.7%;
- feed additive output value 61.59 billion yuan + 3.6%;
- feed machinery / equipment output value 6.83 billion yuan, +1.4%.



饲料产量 Total Feed Production

种类	数量		同比
Species	Volume		Annual Comparison
猪 Pigs		8,343.6万吨	- 3.2%
蛋禽poultry (egg)		3,019.8万吨	+ 4.1%
肉禽poultry (meat) feed		5,514.8万吨	+ 9.6%
水产aquatic feed:		1,893.1万吨	- 0.5%
反刍动物 ruminants		884.2万吨	+ 0.9%
其他饲料other feed		353.7万吨	- 10.9%



配合饲料Compound Feed

种类	数量		同比
Species	Volume		Annual Comparison
猪 pigs		6,802.1 万吨	- 2.1%
蛋禽poultry (egg)		2,504.7 万吨	+ 6.2%
肉禽poultry (meat) feed		5,274.5万吨	+ 10.5%
水产aquatic feed		1,865.5万吨	- 0.3%
精料补充料 concentrate supplement		655.6万吨	+ 2.3%
其他配合饲料 other feed		293.7万吨	+ 14.8%



浓缩饲料Concentrated Feed

种类	数量		同比
Species	Volume		Annual Comparison
猪 pigs		1,173.5万吨	- 10.0%
蛋禽poultry (egg)		3,643万吨	-8.5%
肉禽poultry (meat) feed		1,874万吨	- 10.0%
水产aquatic feed		300万吨	- 27.8%
反刍动物 ruminants		195万吨	- 6.3%
其他饲料other feed		37.4万吨	+ 27.0%



添加剂预混合饲料Pre-mixed Feed

种类	数量	同比
Species	Volume	Annual Comparison
猪 pigs	368 万吨	+ 0.1%
蛋禽poultry (egg)	150.8万吨	+ 4.5%
肉禽poultry (meat) feed	52.8万吨	+ 7.0%
水产aquatic fee:	24.6万吨	- 13.7%
反刍动物 ruminants	33.6万吨	+ 21.3%
其他饲料other feed	22.7 万吨	- 1.9%

Feed Industry Review top 8 provinces 58.7% share+ 2.5

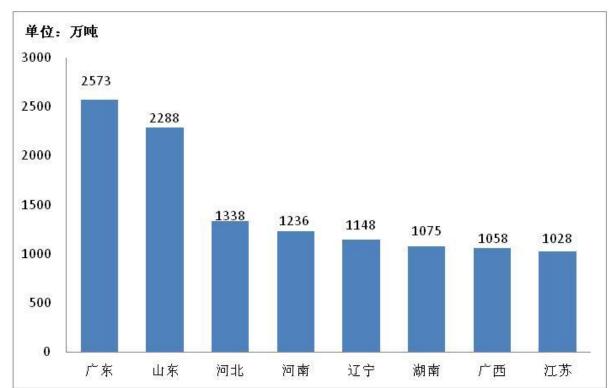
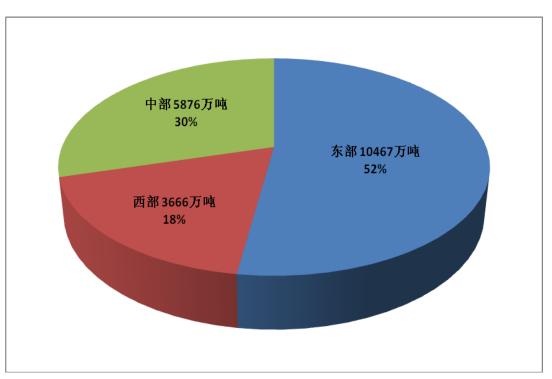


图1 2015年8省份饲料产量 2015 Feed Production top 8 provinces 2015年8个饲料产量大省产量11 745万吨,占全国饲料总产量58.7%,同比增长2.5%。

中国饲料

E 52%, C 30%, W 18% regions proportion



东中西部饲料产量占全国饲料产量比重

东部地区、中部地区、西部地区的总产量分别占全国的52%、30%和18%,与2014年相比,东部地区增长0.5%,中部地区增长0.8%,西部地区下降1.3%

地位。

中国饲料

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- > Number of Feed Makers 2015 Feed/Additives total : 13236 including
 - . Additives: 1691
 - . Additives Pre-mix: 2747
 - . Concentrate/Compound/Suppliement: 6764
 - . Single feed: 2034
- Scale of Feed Enterprises Groups
 - . Over 500,000 tons: 48 (share 56.5%)
 - . Over 1 million tons: 32 (share 51%)



Feed Production Situation 1st Half 2016



According to MOA 180 key tracking enterprise statistics:

- > Total feed output: 9.71 million tons + 4%
 - . Compound feed 8.251 million tons + 4.8%
 - Concentrate feed 1.02 million tons 1.9%
 - . Additive pre-mix 0.439 million tons + 4.8%.



2016年上半年饲料产量 Feed Output by Species 2016 FH

种类	数量		同比
Species	Volume		Annual Comparison
猪 Pigs		346.1万吨	-1.5%
蛋禽poultry (egg)		179.6万吨	+ 4.8%
肉禽poultry (meat) feed		303.8万吨	+ 15.8%
水产aquatic feed		67.0万吨	- 8.5%
反刍动物 ruminants		62.6万吨	+ 0.8%
其他饲料other feed		11.8万吨	- 9.9%

1-6月份,监测数据显示,饲料产量继2013年到2015年 连续三年下降后开始恢复性增长...

feed industry in three consecutive years decreased after showing a recovery of growth. 1-6 months, monitoring data show that feed production in 2013 to 2015 after three consecutive years of decline began to restore growth, and the growth rate of more than 4%,



猪饲料恢复性增长态势十分明显。

虽在总量上与去年同期比依然下降

Pig feed recovery growth is very obvious. Although the total amount compared with the same period last year is still down, but 1-6 months the monthly growth of pig feed.



肉禽饲料产量创近四年最高

Poultry (meat) feed production – the highest in nearly 4 years, has rebound

- 。 growth of 15.8%.
- more than 10% consecutive years of growth,



蛋禽饲料同比稳定增长。

Poultry (egg) feed experienced in 2013, 2014, more than 10% of the decline in 2015 ushered in growth in 2016 on the basis of the previous year and then increased by 4.8%.



- ——水产饲料降幅收窄,反刍饲料增长乏力。
- > Aquatic feed decline narrowed decreased by 10.8 %
- > Ruminant sluggish growth only 0.8% (2014 growth 10.7%)





Pig Feed (end of 2015): 451.13 million live pigs,- 3.2%.

- . Pigs in the high price range,
- . Small and medium farmers withdrawal,
- . Scale of breeding improved
- . Result: pig feed consumption, output of pig feed increasing.



- . This round of pig cycle will be extended, the pig industry bull market will continue.
- . Pork prices are expected throughout the year or the first half of 2017, the first half of 2016.
- . Pig price, although there are repeated, but has been in the high range of fluctuations.



生猪存栏47个月一直下降,饲料需求量下降幅度较大

- . Pig herds from 10/2012 to 8/2016, up 47 consecutive months of decline, feed demand decreased greatly.
- In March 18, 2015, with the price of pigs improved, with sows and pigs can be eliminated slowly, farmers Bulan piglet and sow intention gradually, hog supply gradually restored,
- . Feed demand has improved, but the slow recovery of pig feed.



2016年6月底,猪肉价格出现回落迹象,但继续处于较高位置,猪粮比价已经出现明显的回落,养殖户预期收益下滑,养殖意愿将会减弱

- . Pork prices slowing down, but continue to be in a higher position, the import of pork prices have significant advantages,
- . The recent decline in pork prices, rising feed costs, pig grain price has been a significant decline, farmers expected revenue decline, the breeding will be reduced.



从长期来看,活猪和猪肉价格总体将震荡上行猪价维持高位应该是2016年的常态,但是暴涨可能性不大,

- . Pigs and pork prices overall upward shocks
- . Importing Pork Meat:

2014: 650,000 tons

2015: 777,500 tons,

FH 2016: 762,000 tons (Meat)

680,200 tons (pig offal)

- * Estimation 2016 total:
 - 1.4 million tons (Meat)
 - 1.24 million tons (offal)



猪肉的消费需求

- . 2016 full year pig price is still a continuation of the bull market, farming profits will remain high
- . Macroeconomic downturn, the consumer demand for pork will be further inhibited, is expected to increase the total national pork consumption rate of less than 1%. In 2016 Chinese pork production stable and decreased slightly, a decline of about 0.5%



生猪供应的整体状况已由偏紧转为宽松。

- . The overall situation of pig supply from tight to loose. In the second half, the pig feed production gradually increased, the annual output in 2015 or a slight increase in the year.
- . The 2016 swine feed production will show a low high trend, the annual output showed a slight growth, or growth trend in 1%-2%.



- The national average in laying hens population 1 billion 27 million,
- . FH 2016 egg production 8.955 million tons.
- . The feed prices low, the cost of feeding does not increase, farming profits can be maintained, will continue to expand,
- . Expected short-term price of eggs is expected to stabilize low adjustment, small fluctuations, the overall profit can be obtained.





- 禽料—蛋鸡Poultry Feed Laying Hens (2)
 - . The breeding cost down, farming profits can be maintained, egg and poultry breeding stock continues to expand.
 - Forecast, 2016 egg production: 30.221 million tons, + 0.8% in 2016, egg and poultry feed output will keep growing. Therefore, egg feed production is expected to return to 2012 levels remain stable.



禽料—蛋鸡Poultry Feed – Laying Hens (3)

- . Overall, the South flood of poultry breeding severely damaged, at the same time, affected by the egg laying rate towers, will further decline, the elimination of increasing egg supply tight, egg prices are expected to rise.
- . SH 2016, with Holiday Stocking, egg prices rose, egg and poultry stock rise, feed demand gradually increased, total output will increase compared to the same period in 2015.



禽饲料-白羽肉鸡 Poultry Feed – White Feather Broiler (1)

If in 2016 the United States and France and other countries continue to embargo will significantly affected the introduction of progenitor chicken, thus affecting the 2017/18 commercial broiler supply.



禽饲料-白羽肉鸡

Poultry Feed – White Feather Broiler (2)

2016年2月,UK Bird Flu;

2016年4月, France/USA Bird Flu Epidemic;

2016年6月, Netherland Bird Flu;

2016年8月, France H5N2 highly pathogenic avian influenza.。

This will lead to shortage of meat and poultry production.



禽饲料-白羽肉鸡

Poultry Feed – White Feather Broiler (3)

.843,900 sets of herds are at its lowest level since 2009.

In 2016 the amount of progenitor chicken introduction cliff fall means that 2017 will be a serious shortage of supply, has long white feather broiler or will exceed expectations.



禽饲料-白羽肉鸡

Poultry Feed – White Feather Broiler (4)

- . The influence of multiple bird flu raging in USA/Europe, broiler prices boosted.
- . White feather broiler industry in the industrial chain will gradually to achieve the balance of supply and demand of overall profitability.
 - . The latter is expected, broiler breeding stock is still tight, stimulate farmers Bulan enthusiasm, forage yield will increase.



禽饲料-白羽肉鸡

Poultry Feed – White Feather Broiler (5)

- Large companies are expanding the scale of farming, poultry herds larger at present, feed demand is rising.
- . Poultry business time will be extended, boost farmers increase stock enthusiasm, feed demand will be sustained growth



禽饲料-黄羽肉鸡

Poultry Feed – Yellow Feather Broiler

- . FH 2016 GP breeders have enough capacity, the parent stock scale continues to increase,
- . Commodity generation Yellow Feather meat and chicken breeding efficiency has declined, Yellow feather broiler profit generally narrowed,



水产饲料 Aqua Feed(1)

Major Factors:

- . National macroeconomic operation,
- . Weather
- . Stocking area,
- . Sea food product market retailing price
- . cost of breeding aquatic products
- . import and export trade, and so on.
- . Shrimp disease/ Environmental degeneration

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水产饲料 Aqua Feed(2)

- . FH 2016, China's aquaculture aquaculture production stable start, most is to stabilize the situation, and put a steady increase in the area of seed stocking.
- . Grass carp, bighead, silver carp, crucian carp, bream fish pond comprehensive price is early has risen more than 20%, freshwater crayfish "volume and price increases".
 - . Southern white prawn prices remained stable,



水产饲料Aqua Feed(3)

- > 2015 freshwater fish has stabilized
- > 2015 Total Aqua products output: 66.99 million tons + 3.69% including:
- . Aquaculture sea food 49.370 million tons + 3.99%,
- . Sea Catching: 16.617 million tons + 2.84%,
- . Aquaculture (Farming) vs Catching about 3 to 1
- . Aquatic feed production 18.931 million tons, 0.5%.



水产饲料Aqua Feed(4)

- . 2016 FH el nino, storm weather
- . 180 feed enterprises aquatic feed production 670,000 tons, 8.5%.
- High cost of fishmeal caused aquatic feed prices surge
- The traditional aquaculture feed production increased in the month of production decline.

Feed Production Tendency 2016 反刍饲料 Ruminant Feed (1)

 Government policies is conducive to the promotion of ruminant feed.

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- . MOA (May 2015) "on promoting the development of the guiding opinions on the development of the livestock industry,"
- . MOA (May 2016) "on the promotion of the development of the grass and animal husbandry guidance.
- Target to 2020, bovine/ovine meat production
 13 million tons, output of milk 41 million tons

2015-2020年牛羊肉消费需求预测

Beef & Mutton Consumption Demand Estimation 2015-2020

Unit: 10,000mt, kg, %

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	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2010-2015 Growth Rate	2015-2020 Growth Rate
Total Beef Consumption	513	567	653	721	796	2.00%	2.00%
Average Beef consumption	4.04	4.33	4.87	5.19	5.49	1.28%	1.13%
Total Lamb consumption	265	352	403	450	502	2.23%	2.21%
Average Lamb consumption	2.09	2.69	3.01	3.23	3.46	1.42%	1.39%

反刍饲料 Ruminant Feed (2)

2015,

- . Beef production 7 million tons, up 1.6%;
- . Lamb production 4.41 million tons, up 2.9%
- . Milk 37.55 million tons, up 0.8%.
- . China's animal husbandry has shown good momentum of accelerated development,

反刍饲料 Ruminant Feed (3)

. Importing Beef and Lamb continued to pour into the Chinese market,

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- the number of imported milk products accounted for 1/3 of the total domestic consumption.
- . Affected by the import of beef and mutton and beef and mutton in the northern region, the price of beef and mutton mixed with each other.



反刍饲料 Ruminant Feed (4)

- . In 2016, affected by the macroeconomic slowdown, the decline in the purchasing power of domestic residents; the domestic consumption of beef and lamb has decreased.
- . Domestic price of beef/lamb is 1.8-2 times of pork; 4.3-4.8 times the consumption of whole chicken prices,
- Consumption in pork & chicken instead of beef & lamb enhancement

结论 Conclusion:

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From the feed varieties,

- Sows and pig herds in recovery stage, standardized scale farming has increased steadily, pig feed consumption will be better than 2015;
- Poultry meat feed flat or slightly down;
- . Aquatic feed, Ruminant feed, Pet feed increase,
- Fox mink special aquaculture feed continued to decrease.
- Pig and poultry industry boom will still be worth looking forward to.



Thank You

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